Commodity Credit Corporation, USDA

the approved county expected carrying capacity.

[61 FR 69005, Dec. 31, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 53931, Oct. 17, 1997]

§1437.9 Loss requirements.

- (a) To qualify for payment under this part, the loss or prevented planting of the eligible crop must be due to a natural disaster.
- (b) Assistance under this part will not cover losses due to:
- (1) The neglect or malfeasance of the producer:
- (2) The failure of the producer to reseed or replant to the same crop in the county where it is practicable to reseed or replant;
- (3) The failure of the producer to follow good farming practices for the commodity and practice;
- (4) Water contained or released by any governmental, public, or private dam or reservoir project, if an easement exists on the acreage affected for the containment or release of the water:
- (5) Failure or breakdown of irrigation equipment or facilities; or
- (6) Except for tree crops and perennials, inadequate irrigation resources at the beginning of the crop year.
- (c) A producer of an eligible crop will not receive payments under this part unless the projected average or actual yield for the crop, or an equivalent measurement if yield information is not available, in the area falls below 65 percent of the expected area yield. Once this area, and all other, eligibility requirements have been satisfied:
- (1) A reduced yield payment will be made to a producer if the total quantity of the eligible crop that the producer is able to harvest on the unit is less than 50 percent of the approved yield for the crop due to natural disaster reasonably related to the basis for the area designation under §1437.6, factored for the share of the producer for the crop. Production from the entire unit will be used to determine whether the producer qualifies for a payment under this part. The quantity will not be reduced for any quality consideration unless a zero value is established: and

- (2) A prevented planting payment under this part will be made if the producer is prevented from planting more than 35 percent of the total eligible acreage intended for planting to the eligible crop. Producers must have intended to plant the crop and prove that they were prevented from planting the crop due to natural disaster reasonably related to the basis for the area designation under §1437.6, and the producer may be required to prove that such producer had the resources available to plant, grow, and harvest the crop, as applicable.
- (d) NAP payments under this part for prevented planting will not be available for:
- (1) Tree crops and other perennials, unless the producer can prove resources were available to plant, grow, and harvest the crop, as applicable;
- (2) Land that planting history or conservation plans indicate would remain fallow for crop rotation purposes; or
- (3) Land used for conservation purposes or intended to be or considered to have been left unplanted under any program administered by USDA, including the Conservation Reserve Program and Wetland Reserve Program.

[61 FR 69005, Dec. 31, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 53932, Oct. 17, 1997]

§ 1437.10 Application for payment and notice of loss.

- (a) Any person with a share in the eligible crop who would be entitled to a payment under this part must provide a notice of damage or loss within 15 calendar days after the occurrence of the prevented planting (the end of the planting period) or recognizable damage to the crop. The notice must be filed at the local office serving the area where the producer's unit is located. The farm operator may provide the notice for all producers with an interest in the crop. All producers on a farm will be bound by the operator's filing or failure to file the application for payment unless the individual producers elect to timely file their notice.
- (b)(1) Applications for payments under this part must be filed, on Form FCI-74, by the applicant with the local office no later than the first acreage reporting date for the crop in the crop